



# F-6801

## POWER TRIODE

### DESCRIPTION:

The F-6801 is a three electrode tube designed for use as an industrial oscillator. The anode is capable of dissipating 10 kilowatts during Continuous Commercial Service. Cooling is accomplished by forced air. The cathode is a thoriated tungsten filament of free-hung design and may be operated on D-C or single phase A-C. Maximum ratings apply up to 22.5 megacycles and operation up to 50 megacycles is permissible at reduced ratings.

### GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

#### Electrical

Filament Voltage .....	7.5	Volts
Filament Current .....	107	Amperes
Filament Starting Current .....	300	Maximum Amperes
Filament Cold Resistance .....	0.01	Ohms
Filament Heating Time .....	15	Seconds Minimum
Amplification Factor $E_C = -200$ v, $I_B = 1.25$ amps .....	19.5	
Direct Inter-Electrode Capacitances		
Grid-Plate .....	27	$\mu\mu f$
Grid-Filament .....	25	$\mu\mu f$
Plate-Filament .....	1.25	$\mu\mu f$

#### Mechanical

Mounting Position .....

Vertical, Anode Down

#### Air Flow

##### Through Radiator

The tabulation listed below indicates the required flow of incoming air, through the radiator, for the various plate dissipation values. Cooling air to be applied before the application of filament power and to continue for 3 minutes after removal of filament power.

Percentage of Maximum Rated Plate Dissipation for each Class of Service

	100% <u>Rating</u>	80% <u>Rating</u>	60% <u>Rating</u>	Min. cfm Inches Water
Air Flow .....	750	525	350	
Static Pressure .....	2	1	.45	
Radiator Temperature (Measured on the core at end away from incoming air). .		200 Max. °C		
Glass Temperature (at hottest part), (Note 1) .....		180 Maximum °C		
Net Weight (Approximate) .....		45 Pounds		

MAXIMUM RATINGS AND TYPICAL OPERATING CONDITIONSRadio-Frequency Power Amplifier and Oscillator - Class C Telegraphy

(Key down conditions per tube without Amplitude Modulation) (Note 2)

Maximum CCS Ratings, Absolute Values

D-C Plate Voltage .....	15,000	Max. Volts
D-C Grid Voltage .....	-1,800	Max. Volts
D-C Plate Current .....	3.5	Max. Amperes
D-C Grid Current .....	0.5	Max. Amperes
Plate Input .....	40	Max. Kilowatts
Plate Dissipation .....	10	Max. Kilowatts

Typical Operation

D-C Plate Voltage .....	12,500	Volts
D-C Grid Voltage .....	-1,200	Volts
Peak R-F Grid Voltage .....	2,000	Volts
D-C Plate Current .....	3.0	Amperes
D-C Grid Current (Approximate) .....	0.43	Amperes
Driving Power (Approximate) .....	850	Watts
Power Output (Approximate) .....	28	Kilowatts

Note 1: Operation at frequencies above 15 mc may require air flow on the dish center in order to hold the temperature of the seals and dish below 180°C. This flow may be obtained by deflection of the anode cooling air, or by means of a separate blower supplying 50 cfm through a 3" diameter nozzle.

Note 2: Modulation essentially negative may be used if the positive peak of the envelope does not exceed 115 percent of the carrier conditions.

Additional information for specific applications can be obtained from the:

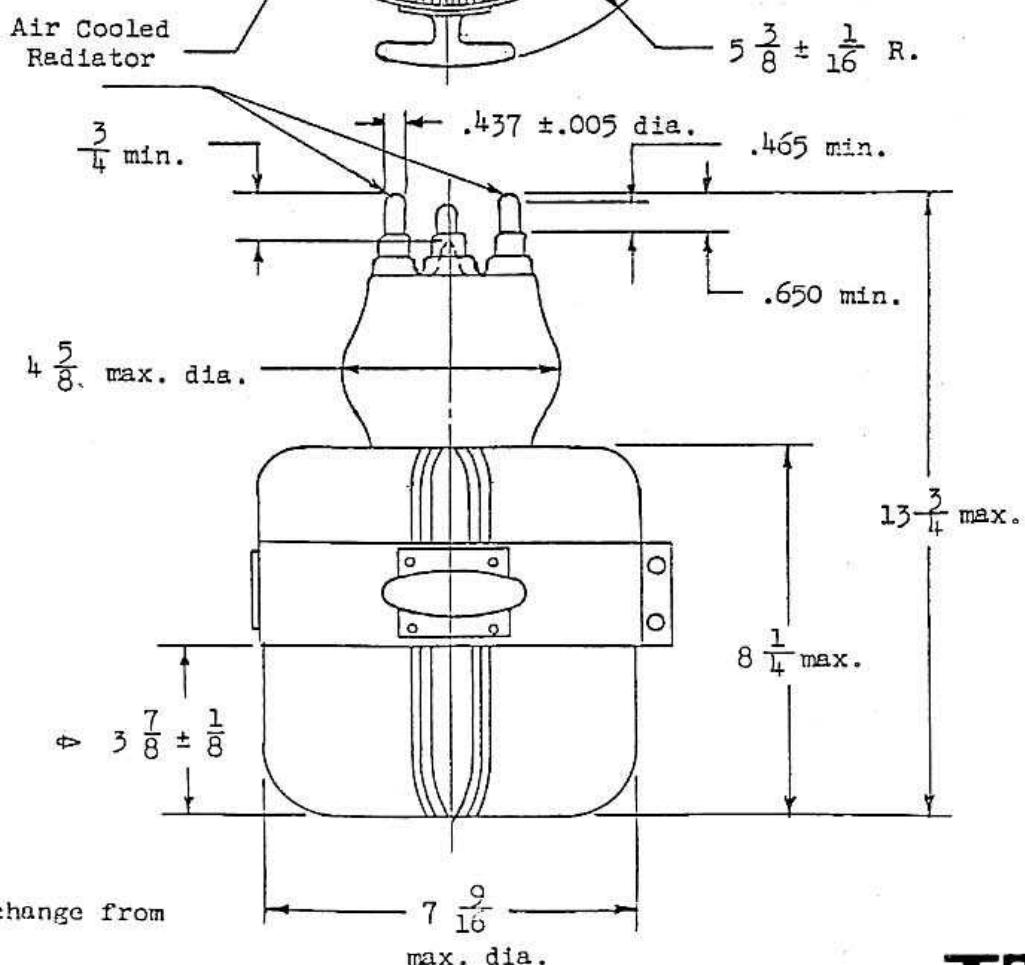
ITT ELECTRON TECHNOLOGY DIVISION  
 Applications Department  
 P.O. Box 100  
 Easton, Pennsylvania 18042

ACCESSORIES

Spanner Wrench	RT-52843
(2 req'd)	
Terminal Connector	RT-52578
Assy. (4 req'd)	
Air Jacket	RT-53134
Type III	(Ordering No.)
	RT-54485
	(Outline Dwg.)

Filament Terminals — (Short)

The tube base must enter to a distance of .625 into a flat gage having four holes .536  $\pm$ .001 dia. on a 2.125  $\pm$ .001 dia. B.C. at angles of 90°  $\pm$ 10°.



⇒ Indicates change from

