

*Eimac*  
**EITEL-McCULLOUGH, INC.**  
 SAN BRUNO, CALIFORNIA

**100TL**  
 LOW-MU TRIODE  
 MODULATOR  
 OSCILLATOR  
 AMPLIFIER

The Eimac 100TL is a low-mu power triode having a maximum plate dissipation rating of 100 watts, and is intended for use as an amplifier, oscillator or modulator. It can be used at its maximum ratings at frequencies as high as 40-Mc.

Cooling of the 100TL is accomplished by radiation from the plate, which operates at a visible red color at maximum dissipation, and by means of air circulation by convection around the envelope.

**GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS**

**ELECTRICAL**

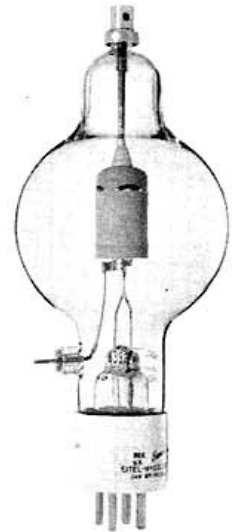
Filament:	Thoriated tungsten	
	Voltage - - - - -	5.0 volts
	Current - - - - -	6.3 amperes
Amplification Factor (Average)	- - - - -	14
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Average)		
	Grid-Plate - - - - -	2.0 $\mu\mu\text{f}$
	Grid-Filament - - - - -	2.3 $\mu\mu\text{f}$
	Plate-Filament - - - - -	0.4 $\mu\mu\text{f}$
▶ Transconductance ( $i_b=225 \text{ ma.}$ , $E_b=3000\text{v.}$ , $e_c=-90\text{v.}$ )	- - - - -	3000 $\mu\text{mhos}$
Frequency for Maximum Ratings	- - - - -	40 Mc.

**MECHANICAL**

Base - - -	(Medium 4-pin bayonet, ceramic)	RMA type M8-078
Basing - - -	- - - - -	RMA type 2M
▶ Mounting - - -	- - - - -	Vertical, base down or up.
▶ Cooling - - -	- - - - -	Convection and Radiation.

▶ Recommended Heat Dissipating Connectors:

Plate - - - - -	- - - - -	Eimac HR-6
Grid - - - - -	- - - - -	Eimac HR-2
Maximum Overall Dimensions:		
	Length - - - - -	7.75 inches
	Diameter - - - - -	3.19 inches
Net weight - - -	- - - - -	4 ounces
Shipping weight (Average) - - -	- - - - -	1.5 pounds



**AUDIO FREQUENCY POWER AMPLIFIER AND MODULATOR**

Class-AB: (Sinusoidal wave, two tubes unless otherwise specified)

**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

D-C PLATE VOLTAGE - - -	3000 MAX. VOLTS
MAX-SIGNAL D-C PLATE CURRENT, PER TUBE - - - - -	225 MAX. MA.
PLATE DISSIPATION, PER TUBE - - -	100 MAX. WATTS

▶ **TYPICAL OPERATION**

D-C Plate Voltage - - - - -	1500	2000	2500	Volts
D-C Grid Voltage (approx.)* - - -	-65	-110	-145	Volts
Zero-Signal D-C Plate Current - - -	80	60	48	Ma.
Max-Signal D-C Plate Current - - -	320	280	250	Ma.
Effective Load, Plate-to-Plate - - -	8800	15,000	22,000	Ohms
Peak A-F Grid Input Voltage (per tube) - - -	235	270	290	Volts
Max-Signal Peak Driving Power - - -	21	22	20	Watts
Max-Signal Nominal Driving Power (approx.) - - -	10.5	11	10	Watts
Max-Signal Plate Power Output - - -	280	360	425	Watts

\*Adjust to give stated zero signal plate current.

**RADIO FREQUENCY POWER AMPLIFIER AND OSCILLATOR**

Class-C Telephony or FM Telephony (Key-down conditions, per tube)

**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

D-C PLATE VOLTAGE - - -	3000 MAX. VOLTS
D-C PLATE CURRENT - - - - -	225 MAX. MA.
PLATE DISSIPATION - - - - -	100 MAX. WATTS
GRID DISSIPATION - - - - -	15 MAX. WATTS

**TYPICAL OPERATION**

D-C Plate Voltage - - - - -	1500	2000	3000	Volts
D-C Grid Voltage - - - - -	-175	-225	-400	Volts
D-C Plate Current - - - - -	190	165	165	Ma.
D-C Grid Current - - - - -	37	28	30	Ma.
Peak R-F Grid Input Voltage - - - - -	425	450	650	Volts
Driving Power (approx.) - - - - -	14	11	20	Watts
Grid Dissipation - - - - -	7.5	5	8	Watts
Plate Power Input - - - - -	285	335	500	Watts
Plate Dissipation - - - - -	100	100	100	Watts
Plate Power Output - - - - -	185	235	400	Watts

**PLATE MODULATED RADIO FREQUENCY AMPLIFIER**

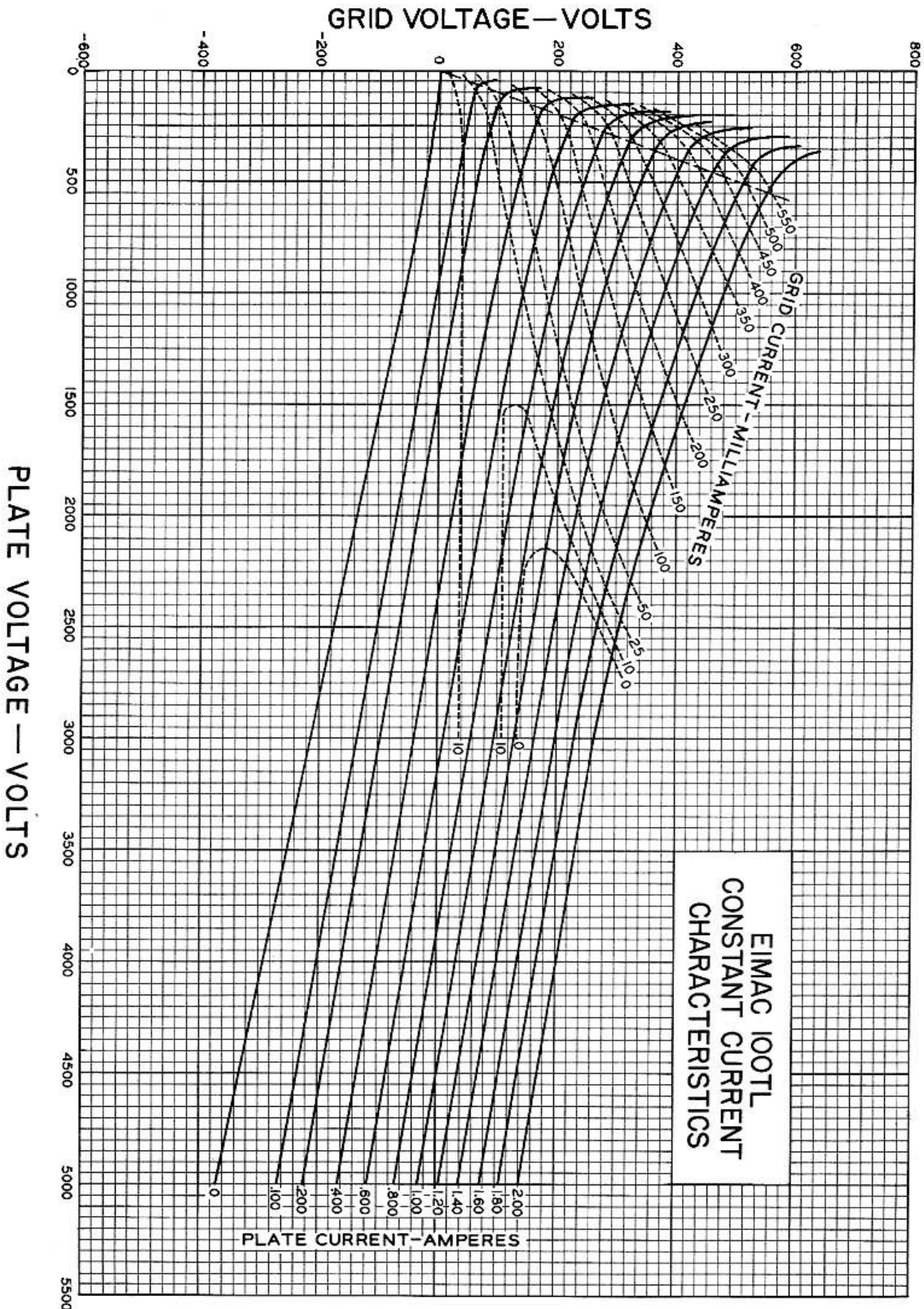
Class-C Telephony (Carrier conditions, per tube)

**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

D-C PLATE VOLTAGE - - -	2500 MAX. VOLTS
D-C PLATE CURRENT - - - - -	180 MAX. MA.
PLATE DISSIPATION - - - - -	65 MAX. WATTS
GRID DISSIPATION - - - - -	15 MAX. WATTS

**TYPICAL OPERATION**

D-C Plate Voltage - - - - -	1500	2000	2500	Volts
D-C Grid Voltage - - - - -	-300	-400	-500	Volts
D-C Plate Current - - - - -	160	150	140	Ma.
D-C Grid Current - - - - -	32	31	31	Ma.
Peak R-F Grid Input Voltage - - - - -	530	655	750	Volts
Driving Power (approx.) - - - - -	17	20	23	Watts
Grid Dissipation - - - - -	8	7.5	7.5	Watts
Plate Power Input - - - - -	240	300	350	Watts
Plate Dissipation - - - - -	65	65	65	Watts
Plate Power Output - - - - -	175	235	285	Watts



## DRIVING POWER vs. POWER OUTPUT

The three charts on this page show the relationship of plate efficiency, power output and grid driving power at plate voltages of 1500, 2000 and 3000 volts. These charts show combined grid and bias losses only. The driving power and power output figures do not include circuit losses. The plate dissipation in watts is indicated by  $P_p$ .

Points A, B, and C are identical to the typical Class C operating conditions shown on the first page under 1500, 2000, and 3000 volts respectively.

